HIV Cases

972. SHRI PRAFULL GORADIA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether in view of the warning of W.H.O. about the spread of AIDS particulary in South-East Asia during the next decades, Government have any statistics to ascertain the incidence of AIDS in the country;

(b) if so, what is the total number of HIV positive cases detected, State-wise, till December, 1999; and

(c) what is their ratio, age, gender and marital status, separately?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI N.T. SHANMUGAM): (a) Yes, Sir. As on 31st December, 1999 a total number of 9966 AIDS cases have been reported in the country.

(b) A statement indicating state-wise number of HIV positive is enclosed *(see* below)

(c) Till December, 1999, 9966 AIDS cases have been reported. 7844 (78.71%) are males and 2122 (21.29%) are females; out of which 434 are in 0-14 years, 4556 in 15-29 years, 4368 in 30-44 years and 608 are above 45 years of age groups respectively. Martial status is routinely not collected.

Statement

SERO-SURVEILLANCE FOR HIV INFECTION

Reriod of report up to: 31st December, 1999 (Provisional)

S. Name No.	Screened	Positive	Sero Positivity Rate per 1,000
l. Andhra Pradesh *2.*	74566	704	9.44
Assam	16356	244	14.92

s. No.	Name	Screened	Positive	Sero Positivity Rate per 1,000
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	495	0	0.00
4.	A and N Islands	15290	129	8.44
5.	Bihar	10194	41	4.02
6.	Chandigarh (UT)	56720	265	4.67
7.	Delhi	325803	1398	4.29
8.	Daman and Diu	250	8	32.00
9.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	160	1	6.25
10.	Goa	70673	2237	31.65
11.	Gujarat	454372	1767	3.89
12.	Haryana	167385	600	3.58
13.	Himachal Pradesh	5852	128	21.87
14.	Jammu and Kashmir	8981	40	4.45
15.	Karnataka	412782	5511	13.35
16.	Kerala	44547	215	4.83
17.	Lakshadweep	1211	8	6.61
18.	Madhya Pradesh	111692	937	8.39
19.	Maharashtra	438799	49870	113.65
20.	Orissa	83127	217	2.61
21.	Nagaland	8852	449	50.72
22.	Manipur	40744	6325	155.24
23.	Mizoram	39985	133	3.33
24.	Meghalaya	14250	60	4.21
25.	Pondicherry	92896	3479	37.45
26.	Punjab	1523	65	42.68
27.	Rajasthan	23044	554	24.04
28.	Sikkim	602	11	18.27
29.	Tamilnadu	762426	14750	19.35

s. No.	Name	Screened	Positive	Sero Positivity Rate per 1,000
30.	Tripura Uttar	5613	4	0.71
31.	Pradesh West	118963	1513	12.72
32.	Bengal	163991	649	3.96
	TOTAL:	3572144	92312	25.84

Iron deficiency diseases among Women and Children

973. SHRI S. RAMACHANDRAN PILLAI:

SHRI E. BALANANDAN:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that 85 per cent of Indian women are anaemic on account of iron deficiency and 2.2 million Indian children are afflicted with Cretinism, while another 6.5 million are mildly retarded; and

(b) if so, the reaction of Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI N.T. SHANMUGAM): (a) Preliminary analysis of data collected by the National Family Health Survey-II, in eleven states, during 1998-99 revealed that about 41.5-63.6% of the women in the age group of 15 to 49 years are anaemic. However, survey conducted by ICMR during 1984-86 showed that around 87.6% of pregnant women had anaemic. Based on surveys it is estimated that 2.2 million children affected by cretinism and another 6.6. million children have mild neurological disorders.

(b) The Government of India has recognized that anaemia and iodine deficiency diseases are major public health problems. Therefore, specific interventions such as Prophylaxis programmes against Nutritional Anaemia due to Iron Deficiency under Reproductive and Child Health Programme and National Iodine Deficiency Disorder Control Programme are under implementation to prevent and control these micro-nutrient deficiency disorders.